

Colégio FAAT Ensino Fundamental e Médio

	Lista de exercícios de Inglês - 1º Bimestre			
	Nome:	·		_
		7° A / B	Prof. Ingrid	/ /17
Co	onteúdo:			
Fr	equency	(How often)	ive, affirmative and negative form) with all segative and interrogative sentences)	subject pronouns
		-	ith Simple Present form correctly. oranco com a forma adequada do Presente S	Simples)
A) B) C) D) E) F)	John <u>liv</u> That gu Our gre She Ronaldo We Mary an	ves with his pare y at grandfather _ F O co nd Anna	ents in a country town. (Live) a lot of important information. (Have) a pension. (Get) English well but her brother goals when he's in good shape. (Score) ontrol of our lives due to bad habits. (Lose) to college in the evening. (Go)	it. (Know/hate)
	_		ake sentences in simple present a fazer frases em presente simples)	
		ıy a newspaper e wspaper every		
B)	the child	dren / to speak I	English	
C)	they / to	help their pare	nts	
D)) she / to	be nice		
E)	Andy ar	nd John / to like	cola	
F)	I / to col	llect stamps		
		egative sentence es negativas)	S.	
A)	She has	a cat. She does	en't have a cat.	
	I am lat			•
D)) They of	pen the windows	S	·
E) F)	I watch We play	TV / football		·

4. Arrange the words below to make questions. (Organize as palavras abaixo para fazer perguntas).
A) she / to collect / stickers - Does she collect stickers? B) they / to play / a game? C) the cat / to sleep / in the cat's bed? D) she / often / to dream? E) he / to play / streetball? F) she / to have / friends?
5. Ask for the bold part of the sentence ("Construa" a pergunta "com base" na frase em negrito)
A) Julia likes pop-music. – What does Julia like? B) Maria comes from Spain
6. Complete the blank spaces in the simple present or to be form. Make the changes if necessary. (Complete os espaços em branco com a forma do presente simples ou na forma "ser ou estar". Faça as mudanças se necessário)
A) <u>Do</u> you like ice-cream? Yes, I <u>do.</u> I think everybody <u>likes</u> .
B) Kim from Australia? Nope, she Canadian.
C) How often you go to the movies? Every week or so. I like to watch all the comedies, but I really like horror movies.
D) Rose here yet. Where she? Oh, she late because of the traffic
E) Beaches too crowded in the summer.
F) It a shame that we have more free time to travel.
7. Answer the question with complete answers.(Resposta as questões com respostas completas)
A) Do you like to play soccer? Yes, I like to play soccer. / No, I don't like to play soccer.
B) Do they like to watch TV?
C) Do you live in an apartment?
D) Do they have a new bedroom?

E) Do we need a new car?			
F) Do I want to live in a small	house?		
8) Match the sentences: (Combine as frases)			
 A) An office boy B) A dog walker C) A pilot D) A musician E) A salesperson F) A waiter 	() flies a plan () sells goods () plays or writes son () takes dogs for a wa () takes order (<u>A</u>) runs some errands	s in a store gs	
9) Choose the correct alternative (Escolha a alternative correta)	/e:		
A) My favorite season is: 1.)Summer	2.) Hot	3.) Chubby	
B) I work at a restaurant. So, I' 1.)Dog walker	m a 2.) Pilot	3.) Waiter	
C) How old are you? 1.)You're 13.	2.) They're 13.	3.) I'm 13.	
D) We use that for things: 1.)Near from us. 10. Translate:	2.) Beside us.	3.) Far from us.	
Bedroom: Bathroom: Kitchen: Living Room: Dining Room: Garage: Garden:			
11. Choose the best translate for (Esolha a melhor tradução para			
A) Always 1.)Nunca	2.) As vezes	3.)Sempre	
B) Usualy 1.)Geralmente	2.) Quase nunca	3.) Nunca	
C) Sometimes 1.)Sempre	2.) As vezes.	3.) Geralmente	
D) Hardly ever:			

1.)Geralmente .	2.) Sempe	3.) Qu	ase nunca	
E) Never:				
1.)As vezes .	2.) Nunca	3.) Ser	mpre	
12. Circle the expresse (Circule as expresse				
Every day Twice	Monday Three Times	Never Talk Show	Once Every Month	Satu
	lverbs of frequency of each sen o de frequência de cada frase)	itence		
	friends every morning			
B. He never changes				
C. They always water	ches TV arles and his family go on vaca	tion		
E. It has lunch every		uon		
	go to the movies or for a walk	in a park.		
14.4				
14. Answer: (Responda)				
_				
A) How often do yo	u watch TV?			<u>.</u>
B) How often do yo	ur irienas study English?			
C) How often do the	ey play games?			_•
	Thon cook?she listen to the radio?			
L) How often does s	ine fister to the radio:			_•
15. Complete the ser	ntence with there is or there a	re.		
(Complete as frases	com there is ou there are)			
A) There is a post-o	office near the house.			
B) af	ew eggs in the fridge			
C)	_ a good movie theater two universities in this city. The			
D)	two universities in this city. The	ere's also a small co	llege.	
E)	a lot of kinds of toys to choose money on the kitchen table.	from.		
1)	_ Infoney on the kitchen table.			
	ences for negative form			
(Mude as frases par	a a negative)			
A) There is a nice ca	r in the garage. There isn't a	nice car in the ga	rage	
B) There are great p	eople here.			
D) There are animal	olace for yous			
E) There are childre	s in the park n in the shopping mall			
(Mude as frases para	ences for affirmative form			
triude as mases para	. a 1105au vo)			
	f of dogs here. There are a lot			
B) There isn't a girl	in the classroom			_
C) There isn't a red	car near here			

D) There aren't many places to visit				
18. Make a question with the words bellow (Faça uma pergunta com as palavras abaixo)				
A) TVs/ there are/ in the living room: Are there TVs in the living room? B) There is / a boy/ near the kitchen				
19. Choose the correct alternative to complete the sentences (Escolha a alternativa correta para completar as frases)				
A) some books on the table. 1. There is 2. There are				
B) a window in the classroom. 1. There is 2. There are				
C) a lot of salt in this sauce. 1. There is 2. There are				
D) seven days in a week. 1. There is 2. There are				
20. Match (Relacione)				
A) There is B) some friends here C) There are D) any butter into the fridge	((() There is) singular form) plural form) There are		
Gabarito				
1. A) John <u>lives</u> with his parents in a country town. (Live) B) That guy <u>has</u> a lot of important information. (Have) C) Our great grandfather <u>gets</u> a pension. (Get) D) She <u>knows</u> English well but her brother <u>hates</u> it. (Know/hate) E) Ronaldo <u>scores</u> goals when he's in good shape. (Score) F) We <u>lose</u> control of our lives due to bad habits. (Lose) G) Mary and Anna <u>go</u> to college in the evening. (Go)				
2. Arrange the words to make sentences in simple present (Organizar as palavras para fazer frases em presente simples)				
A) I / to buy a newspaper every Saturday I buy a newspaper every Saturday				
B) the children / to speak English The children speak English				

C) they / to help their parents

They help their parents

D) she / to be nice

She is nice.

E) Andy and John / to like cola

Andy and John like cola.

F) I / to collect stamps

I collect stamps

3. Make negative sentences.

(Faça frases negativas)

- A) She has a cat. She doesn't have a cat.
- B) I am late. I am not late.
- C) He buys a new CD. _He doesn't buy a new CD.
- D) They open the windows. They don't open the windows.
- E) I watch TV. I don't watch TV
- F) We play football. _We don't football

4. Arrange the words below to make questions.

(Organize as palavras abaixo para fazer perguntas).

- A) she / to collect / stickers **Does she collect stickers?**
- B) they / to play / a game **Do they play a game_**?
- C) the cat / to sleep / in the cat's bed <u>Does the cat sleep in the cat's bed</u>?
- D) she / often / to dream **Does she often dream**?
- E) he / to play / streetball **_Does he play streetball**_?
- F) she / to have / friends ___**Does she have friends**_?

5. Ask for the bold part of the sentence

("Construa" a pergunta "com base" na frase em negrito)

- A) Julia likes pop-music. What does Julia like?
- B) Maria comes from Spain. Where does Maria come?.
- C) They play in the garden. Where do they play?_.
- D) Rick rides his bike. What does Rick do?.
- E) I go to the cinema on Saturdays. <u>When do you go to the cinema?</u>
- F) We go to Mallorca because it is warm there. Why you go to Mallorca?.

6. Complete the blank spaces in the simple present or to be form. Make the changes if necessary.

(Complete os espaços em branco com a forma do presente simples ou na forma "ser ou estar". Faça as mudanças se necessário)

A) **Do** you like ice-cream?

Yes, I<u>do.</u> I think everybody <u>likes</u>.

B) **Is** Kim from Australia?

Nope, she is Canadian.

C) How often **do** you go to the movies?

Every week or so. I like to watch all the comedies, but I really <u>don't</u> like horror movies.

D) Rose **isn't** here yet. Where **is** she?

Oh, she **is** late because of the traffic..

E) Beaches <u>are</u> too crowded in the summer.			
F) It is a shame that we _don't have more free time to travel.			
7. Answer the question with complete answers. (Resposta as questões com respostas completas)			
A) Do you like to play soccer? Yes, I like to play soccer. / No	o, I don't like to play soccer.		
B) Do they like to watch TV? Yes, they like to watch TV/ N	o,they don't like to watch TV.		
C) Do you live in an apartment. Yes, I live in an apartment./	? No, I don't live an apartamente	<u>.</u>	
D) Do they have a new bedroom Yes, they have a new bedroom	m? n. / No, they don't have a new	bedroom.	
E) Do we need a new car? Yes.	, we need a new car. / No, we d	on't need a new car.	
F) Do I want to live in a small I Yes, I live in a small house./	house? No, I don't live in a small house	<u>.</u>	
8) Match the sentences: (Combine as frases)			
 A) An office boy B) A dog walker C) A pilot D) A musician E) A salesperson F) A waiter 	(<u>C</u>) flies a plane or he (<u>E</u>) sells goods in a st (<u>D</u>) plays or writes songs (<u>B</u>) takes dogs for a walk (<u>F</u>) takes orders in a r (<u>A</u>) runs some errands	tore	
9) Choose the correct alternative (Escolha a alternative correta)	/e:		
A) My favorite season is: 1.)Summer	2.) Hot	3.) Chubby	
B) I work at a restaurant. So, I' 1.)Dog walker	m a 2.) Pilot	3.) Waiter	
C) How old are you? 1.)You're 13.	2.) They're 13.	3.) I'm 13.	
D) We use that for things: 1.)Near from us.	2.) Beside us.	3.) Far from us.	
10. Translate: (Traduza)			
Bedroom: Quarto Bathroom: Banheiro Kitchen: Cozinha Living Room: Sala de Estar			

Dining Room: Sala de Jantar

Garage: <u>Garagem</u> Garden: Jardim

11. Choose the best translate for each word.

(Esolha a melhor tradução para cada palavra)

A) Always

1.)Nunca 2.) As vezes 3.)Sempre

B) Usualy

1.)Geralmente 2.) Quase nunca 3.) Nunca

C) Sometimes

1.)Sempre 2.) As vezes. 3.) Geralmente

D) Hardly ever:

1.)Geralmente . 2.) Sempe 3.) Quase nunca

E) Never:

1.) As vezes . **2.) Nunca** 3.) Sempre

12. Circle the expressions of frequency.

(Circule as expresses de frequencia)



13. Underline the adverbs of frequency of each sentence

(Sublinhe o advérbio de frequência de cada frase)

- A. Jane talks to her friends every morning
- B. He <u>never</u> changes the story
- C. They **always** watches TV
- D. **Every month** Charles and his family go on vacation
- E. It has lunch every day
- F. Once a week, we go to the movies or for a walk in a park.

14. Answer:

(Responda)

- A) How often do you watch TV? I (sometimes) watch TV.
- B) How often do your friends study English? They (usually) study English
- C) How often do they play games? They (never) play games
- D) How often does Jhon cook? He (always) cook
- E) How often does she listen to the radio? **She hardly ever listen to the radio**.

15. Complete the sentence with **there is** or **there are.**

(Complete as frases com there is ou there are)

- A) There is a post-office near the house.
- B) There are a few eggs in the fridge.
- C) There is a good movie theater

 D) <u>There are</u> two universities in this city. There's also a small college. E) <u>There are</u> _ a lot of kinds of toys to choose from. F) <u>There is</u> money on the kitchen table. 				
16. Change the sentences for negative form (Mude as frases para a negative)				
A) There is a nice car in the garage. <u>There isn't a nice car in the garage</u> B) There are great people here. <u>There aren't great people here</u> C) There is a better place for you. <u>There isn't a better place for you.</u> D) There are animals in the park. <u>There aren't animals in the park</u> E) There are children in the shopping mall. <u>There aren't children in the shopping mall</u>				
17. Change the sentences for affirmative form (Mude as frases para a negative)				
A) There aren't a lof of dogs here. There are a lot of dogs here B) There isn't a girl in the classroom There is a girl in the classroom C) There isn't a red car near here There is a red car near here. D) There aren't many places to visit There are many places to visit E) There aren't new students There are new students				
18. Make a question with the words bellow (Faça uma pergunta com as palavras abaixo)				
A) TVs/ there are/ in the living room: Are there TVs in the living room? B) There is / a boy/ near the kitchen Is there a boy near the kitchen? C) New papers/ on the desk/ there are Are there new papers on the desk? D) a good soap opera/ there is / on the TV Is there a good soap opera on the TV? E) There are/ many / players Are there many players?				
19. Choose the correct alternative to complete the sentences (Escolha a alternativa correta para completar as frases)				
A) some books on the table. 1. There is 2. There are				
B) a window in the classroom. 1. There is 2. There are				
C) a lot of salt in this sauce. 1. There is 2. There are				
D) seven days in a week. 1. There is 2. There are				
20. Match (Relacione)				
A) There is B) some friends here C) There are D) any butter into the fridge (D) There is (A) singular form (C) plural form (B) There are				