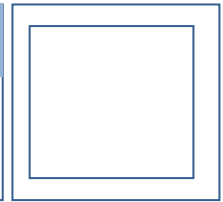




Lista de exercícios de Inglês - 1º Bimestre

Nome: _____ Nº.: _____
Ano: 7º A / B Prof. Ingrid / /17



Conteúdo:

Simple Present (interrogative, affirmative and negative form) with all subject pronouns
Frequency (How often)
There is/are (affirmative, negative and interrogative sentences)

1. Fill the blanks spaces with Simple Present form correctly.

(Preencha os espaços em branco com a forma adequada do Presente Simples)

- A) John **lives** with his parents in a country town. (Live)
- B) That guy _____ a lot of important information. (Have)
- C) Our great grandfather _____ a pension. (Get)
- D) She _____ English well but her brother _____ it. (Know/hate)
- E) Ronaldo _____ goals when he's in good shape. (Score)
- F) We _____ control of our lives due to bad habits. (Lose)
- G) Mary and Anna _____ to college in the evening. (Go)

2. Arrange the words to make sentences in simple present

(Organizar as palavras para fazer frases em presente simples)

A) I / to buy a newspaper every Saturday

I buy a newspaper every Saturday

B) the children / to speak English

C) they / to help their parents

D) she / to be nice

E) Andy and John / to like cola

F) I / to collect stamps

3. Make negative sentences.

(Faça frases negativas)

A) She has a cat. **She doesn't have a cat.**

B) I am late. _____.

C) He buys a new CD. _____.

D) They open the windows. _____.

E) I watch TV. _____.

F) We play football. _____.

4. Arrange the words below to make questions.

(Organize as palavras abaixo para fazer perguntas).

- A) she / to collect / stickers - **Does she collect stickers?**
- B) they / to play / a game - _____?
- C) the cat / to sleep / in the cat's bed - _____?
- D) she / often / to dream - _____?
- E) he / to play / streetball - _____?
- F) she / to have / friends - _____?

5. Ask for the bold part of the sentence

(“Construa” a pergunta “com base” na frase em negrito)

- A) Julia likes **pop-music**. - **What does Julia like?**
- B) Maria comes from **Spain**. - _____.
- C) They play **in the garden**. - _____.
- D) **Rick** rides his bike. - _____.
- E) I go to the cinema **on Saturdays**. - _____.
- F) We go to Mallorca **because it is warm there**. _____.

6. Complete the blank spaces in the simple present or to be form. Make the changes if necessary.

(Complete os espaços em branco com a forma do presente simples ou na forma “ser ou estar”. Faça as mudanças se necessário)

- A) **Do** you like ice-cream?
Yes, I **do**. I think everybody **likes**.
- B) _____ Kim from Australia?
Nope, she _____ Canadian.
- C) How often _____ you go to the movies?
Every week or so. I like to watch all the comedies, but I really _____ like horror movies.
- D) Rose _____ here yet. Where _____ she?
Oh, she _____ late because of the traffic..
- E) Beaches _____ too crowded in the summer.
- F) It _____ a shame that we _____ have more free time to travel.

7. Answer the question with complete answers.

(Resposta as questões com respostas completas)

- A) Do you like to play soccer?
Yes, I like to play soccer. / No, I don't like to play soccer.
- B) Do they like to watch TV?
_____.
- C) Do you live in an apartment?
_____.
- D) Do they have a new bedroom?
_____.

E) Do we need a new car?

_____.

F) Do I want to live in a small house?

_____.

8) Match the sentences:

(Combine as frases)

- | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| A) An office boy | () flies a plane or helicopter |
| B) A dog walker | () sells goods in a store |
| C) A pilot | () plays or writes songs |
| D) A musician | () takes dogs for a walk |
| E) A salesperson | () takes orders in a restaurant |
| F) A waiter | (A) runs some errands |

9) Choose the correct alternative:

(Escolha a alternativa correta)

A) My favorite season is:

- 1.) Summer 2.) Hot 3.) Chubby

B) I work at a restaurant. So, I'm a...

- 1.) Dog walker 2.) Pilot 3.) Waiter

C) How old are you?

- 1.) You're 13. 2.) They're 13. 3.) I'm 13.

D) We use that for things:

- 1.) Near from us. 2.) Beside us. 3.) Far from us.

10. Translate:

(Traduza)

Bedroom: _____

Bathroom: _____

Kitchen: _____

Living Room: _____

Dining Room: _____

Garage: _____

Garden: _____

11. Choose the best translate for each word.

(Escolha a melhor tradução para cada palavra)

A) Always

- 1.) Nunca 2.) As vezes **3.) Sempre**

B) Usually

- 1.) Geralmente 2.) Quase nunca 3.) Nunca

C) Sometimes

- 1.) Sempre 2.) As vezes. 3.) Geralmente

D) Hardly ever:

1.) Geralmente . 2.) Sempre 3.) Quase nunca

E) Never:

1.) As vezes . 2.) Nunca 3.) Sempre

12. Circle the expressions of frequency.
(Circule as expressões de frequência)

Every day Monday Never Once Saturday
Twice Three Times Talk Show Every Month

13. Underline the adverbs of frequency of each sentence
(Sublinhe o advérbio de frequência de cada frase)

- A. Jane talks to her friends every morning
- B. He never changes the story
- C. They always watches TV
- D. Every month Charles and his family go on vacation
- E. It has lunch every day
- F. Once a week, we go to the movies or for a walk in a park.

14. Answer:
(Responda)

- A) How often do you watch TV? _____.
- B) How often do your friends study English? _____.
- C) How often do they play games? _____.
- D) How often does Jhon cook? _____.
- E) How often does she listen to the radio? _____.

15. Complete the sentence with **there is** or **there are**.
(Complete as frases com **there is** ou **there are**)

- A) **There is** a post-office near the house.
- B) _____ a few eggs in the fridge.
- C) _____ a good movie theater
- D) _____ two universities in this city. There's also a small college.
- E) _____ a lot of kinds of toys to choose from.
- F) _____ money on the kitchen table.

16. Change the sentences for negative form
(Mude as frases para a negative)

- A) There is a nice car in the garage. **There isn't a nice car in the garage**
- B) There are great people here. _____
- C) There is a better place for you. _____
- D) There are animals in the park. _____
- E) There are children in the shopping mall. _____

17. Change the sentences for affirmative form
(Mude as frases para a negative)

- A) There aren't a lot of dogs here. **There are a lot of dogs here**
- B) There isn't a girl in the classroom _____
- C) There isn't a red car near here _____

C) they / to help their parents

They help their parents

D) she / to be nice

She is nice.

E) Andy and John / to like cola

Andy and John like cola.

F) I / to collect stamps

I collect stamps

3. Make negative sentences.

(Faça frases negativas)

A) She has a cat. **She doesn't have a cat.**

B) I am late. **I am not late.**

C) He buys a new CD. **He doesn't buy a new CD.**

D) They open the windows. **They don't open the windows.**

E) I watch TV. **I don't watch TV**

F) We play football. **We don't football**

4. Arrange the words below to make questions.

(Organize as palavras abaixo para fazer perguntas).

A) she / to collect / stickers - **Does she collect stickers?**

B) they / to play / a game - **Do they play a game?**

C) the cat / to sleep / in the cat's bed - **Does the cat sleep in the cat's bed?**

D) she / often / to dream - **Does she often dream?**

E) he / to play / streetball - **Does he play streetball?**

F) she / to have / friends - **Does she have friends?**

5. Ask for the bold part of the sentence

(“Construa” a pergunta “com base” na frase em negrito)

A) Julia likes **pop-music**. - **What does Julia like?**

B) Maria comes from **Spain**. - **Where does Maria come?**

C) They play **in the garden**. - **Where do they play?**

D) **Rick** rides his bike. - **What does Rick do?**

E) I go to the cinema **on Saturdays**. - **When do you go to the cinema?**

F) We go to Mallorca **because it is warm there**. **Why you go to Mallorca?**

6. Complete the blank spaces in the simple present or to be form. Make the changes if necessary.

(Complete os espaços em branco com a forma do presente simples ou na forma “ser ou estar”. Faça as mudanças se necessário)

A) **Do** you like ice-cream?

Yes, I **do**. I think everybody **likes**.

B) **Is** Kim from Australia?

Nope, she **is** Canadian.

C) How often **do** you go to the movies?

Every week or so. I like to watch all the comedies, but I really **don't** like horror movies.

D) Rose **isn't** here yet. Where **is** she?

Oh, she **is** late because of the traffic..

E) Beaches **are** too crowded in the summer.

F) It **is** a shame that we **don't** have more free time to travel.

7. Answer the question with complete answers.

(Resposta as questões com respostas completas)

A) Do you like to play soccer?

Yes, I like to play soccer. / No, I don't like to play soccer.

B) Do they like to watch TV?

Yes, they like to watch TV/ No,they don't like to watch TV.

C) Do you live in an apartment?

Yes, I live in an apartment./ No, I don't live an apartamente.

D) Do they have a new bedroom?

Yes, they have a new bedroom. / No, they don't have a new bedroom.

E) Do we need a new car? **Yes, we need a new car. / No, we don't need a new car.**

F) Do I want to live in a small house?

Yes, I live in a small house./ No, I don't live in a small house.

8) Match the sentences:

(Combine as frases)

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| A) An office boy | (<u>C</u>) flies a plane or helicopter |
| B) A dog walker | (<u>E</u>) sells goods in a store |
| C) A pilot | (<u>D</u>) plays or writes songs |
| D) A musician | (<u>B</u>) takes dogs for a walk |
| E) A salesperson | (<u>F</u>) takes orders in a restaurant |
| F) A waiter | (<u>A</u>) runs some errands |

9) Choose the correct alternative:

(Escolha a alternative correta)

A) My favorite season is:

- 1.) Summer** 2.) Hot 3.) Chubby

B) I work at a restaurant. So, I'm a...

- 1.) Dog walker 2.) Pilot **3.) Waiter**

C) How old are you?

- 1.) You're 13. 2.) They're 13. **3.) I'm 13.**

D) We use that for things:

- 1.) Near from us. 2.) Beside us. **3.) Far from us.**

10. Translate:

(Traduza)

Bedroom: **Quarto**

Bathroom: **Banheiro**

Kitchen: **Cozinha**

Living Room: **Sala de Estar**

Dining Room: **Sala de Jantar**

Garage: **Garagem**

Garden: **Jardim**

11. Choose the best translate for each word.

(Esolha a melhor tradução para cada palavra)

A) Always

1.)Nunca

2.) As vezes

3.) Sempre

B) Usualy

1.)Geralmente

2.) Quase nunca

3.) Nunca

C) Sometimes

1.)Sempre

2.) As vezes.

3.) Geralmente

D) Hardly ever:

1.)Geralmente .

2.) Sempe

3.) Quase nunca

E) Never:

1.)As vezes .

2.) Nunca

3.) Sempre

12. Circle the expressions of frequency.

(Circule as expresses de frecuencia)

Every day **Twice** Monday **Three Times** **Never** **Once** Saturday
Talk Show **Every Month**

13. Underline the adverbs of frequency of each sentence

(Sublinhe o advérbio de frequência de cada frase)

A. Jane talks to her friends **every morning**

B. He **never** changes the story

C. They **always** watches TV

D. **Every month** Charles and his family go on vacation

E. It has lunch **every day**

F. **Once a week**, we go to the movies or for a walk in a park.

14. Answer:

(Responda)

A) How often do you watch TV? **I (sometimes) watch TV.**

B) How often do your friends study English? **They (usually) study English**

C) How often do they play games? **They (never) play games**

D) How often does Jhon cook? **He (always) cook**

E) How often does she listen to the radio? **She hardly ever listen to the radio.**

15. Complete the sentence with **there is** or **there are**.

(Complete as frases com **there is** ou **there are**)

A) **There is** a post-office near the house.

B) **There are** a few eggs in the fridge.

C) **There is** a good movie theater

